



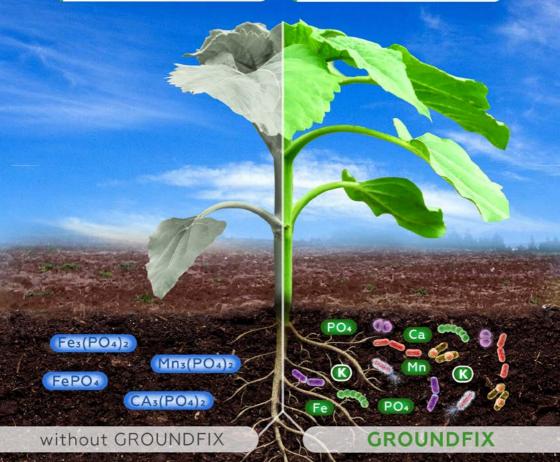
GROUNDFIX

ENHANCES NPK ASSIMILATION

PK - MOBILIZATION

ENHANCES PHOSPHORUS mobility and POTASSIUM availability in soil and mineral fertilizers

The recommended application rate of the MINERAL FERTILIZERS can be reduced by 30%





Bacillus subtilis — aerobic bacteria capable of mobilizing phosphorus from organic and mineral compounds, fixing molecular nitrogen from the atmosphere. Bacteria produce biologically active substances that increase plant immunity, promote the destruction of complex organic compounds in the soil.

Bacillus megaterium var. Phosphaticum — bacteria able to release phosphorus bounded in organic and mineral compounds. Produces the enzyme silicase which helps to increase the mobility of silicon and potassium fixed by soil minerals.

Paenibacillus polymyxa — aerobic bacteria, which produce phosphatase, ensure the availability of mineral and organic soil phosphates for plants. Bacteria secrete phytohormones, a wide range of lytic enzymes that improve plant immunity promoting their growth and development. The exopolysaccharides produced by them have a positive effect on the structure of the soil, its aeration and moisture supply.

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Enterobacter — bacteria capable of binding atmospheric nitrogen, improving the phosphate regime of the soil, increasing the availability of phosphates by plants, as well as producing phytohormones and biopolymers. Bacteria are effective in bioremediation of industrially contaminated soils.

Azotobacter – free-living bacteria that fix molecular nitrogen in the atmosphere and produce phytohormones that promote plant growth and development, including root system. Bacteria are capable of biodegradation of chlorinecontaining aromatic compounds, including pesticide residues. The exopolysaccharides produced by bacteria can mobilize heavy metals, converting them into inaccessible to plants form.

Bacteria in the composition of Groundfix synthesize:

carboxylic acids

amino acids

polypeptides

polysaccharides

enzymes

phythormones

vitamins



As a result, we observe the following:

Conversion of calcium phosphates (CA₂ (PO4)₂ into soluble form

Release of phosphorus from aluminum and iron phosphates (AlPO,, FePO,)

Release of phosphorus fixed by secondary minerals -hydroxides of silicon, iron, aluminum, and manganese in crystalline form

Release of potassium from minerals

mobility and availability to plants

Increasing silicon

Improving soil structure and moisture availability

Fixing atmospheric nitrogen and converting it into the form available to plants

Biodegradation of chlorine-containing aromatic compounds, including pesticide residues





During primary tillage



During pre-sowing cultivation



Row fertilization when sowing



Early spring feeding with liquid fertilizers



Fertigation

Crop	Period of treatment	Groundfix, l/ha	Working solution		
Integrated farming					
Winter and spring cereals	Early spring, pre-sowing	3,0	100-200		
Winter rapeseed	Early spring, pre-sowing	3,0-5,0	100-200		
Sunflower Corn	Pre-sowing	3,0-5,0	150-200		
Soybean	Row fertilization	0,5-1,0	20-50		
Horticultural	Fertigation, 2-3 treatments	3,0-5,0	Water application		
Vegetables	refrigueion, 2 o treatments	3,0 3,0	rate		
	Organic farming				
Winter and spring cereals	Early spring, pre-sowing	3,0-5,0			
Winter rapeseed	Early spring, pre-sowing	5,0-8,0	150-200		
Sunflower Corn	Pre-sowing	5,0-10,0			
Soybean	Row fertilization	0,5-1,0	20-50		
Horticultural	Fertigation, 2-3 treatments	3,0-5,0	Water application		
Vegetables	reregation, 2 o treatments	3,0 3,0	rate		



1. Groundfix efficacy on sunflower applied in pre-sowing cultivation

Location: Talalaivka district, Chernihiv, Ukraine

Soil: **typical chernozem**Sunflower: **sunflower**

Preceding crop: winter wheat

Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
Pre-sowing soil	Groundfix + UAN	3,0 l/ha
cultivation	Control (UAN)	-

Yield, t/ha Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha Sunflower Opt. 1. Control Opt. 1. Sunflower 4,78 4,3 0,48



2. Effectiveness of Groundfix with Liposam applied in-furrow during sowing of sunflower

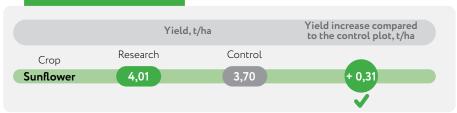
Location: Kozova district, Ternopil region, Ukraine

Soil: typical chernozem

Crop: sunflower

Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
	Groundfix + Liposam	0,75 l/ha + 0,5 l/ha
In-furrow	Farm's method (control)	-





3. Groundfix efficacy in pre-sowing cultivation on sunflower

Location: Bohuslav district,

Kyiv, Ukraine

Soil: typical chernozem

Crop: sunflower, variety Kondi
Preceding crop: winter wheat



Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
Pre-sowing soil	Groundfix	5,0 l/ha
cultivation	Farm's method (control)	_

Research result

	Yield	, t/ha	Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
Crop	Research	Control	
Sunflower	4,27	3,66	+0,61
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4. Aftereffect of Groundfix on yield of corn, applied before sowing of sunflower

The same field next season
Crop: corn, Pioneer 9241 hybrid
Preceding crop: sunflower



Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
Treatment of the preceding crop in 2018	Groundfix	5,0 l/ha
Pre-sowing soil cultivation	Control	_

	Yield,	t/ha	Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
Crop	Research	Control	
Corn	15,74	15,44	+0,30



5. Aftereffect of Groundfix + UAN on corn, applied early spring on winter wheat

Location: Chernihiv region, Ukraine

Soil: grey forest sandy loamy, pH: 5,6-5,9

Crop: **corn**

Preceding crop: winter wheat

Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
Aftereffect	Groundfix + UAN	3,0 l/ha
Early spring fertilisation	Control	_

Research result

	Yield,	t/ha	Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
Crop	Research	Control	
Corn	11,32	10,86	+ 0,46

Results of soil sample analysis

Variant	Trial	Control	Trial	Control
year	17.06	5.2020	02.0	6.2021
Exchangeable acidity, pH saline	5,9	5,6	5,4	5,8
Organic matter content converted to HUMUS $\%$	1,72	1,26	1,68	1,35
Hydrolysed Nitrogen mg/kg	87,5	80,5	72,8	56,5
Mobile Phosphorus, P ₂ O ₅ mg/kg	306,2	138,8	157,5	112,5
Mobile Potassium, K ₂ O mg/kg	179,5	44	110,0	52,5



6. Effect of Groundfix + UAN application between the rows (9-leaf) on corn

Location: Kyiv region, Ukraine

Soil: typical chernozem

Crop: **corn**

Preceding crop: **corn**

Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
Incorporation in the row 9-leaf	Groundfix + UAN	3,0 l/ha
in the row 9-leaf	Control	_

Research result

	Yield,	t/ha	Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
Crop	Research	Control	
Corn	11,86	11,60	+ 0,26

Results of soil sample analysis

Variant	Trial	Control
year	17.06	5.2020
Exchangeable acidity, pH saline	5,6	5,4
Organic matter content converted to HUMUS $\%$	3,42	3,48
Hydrolysed Nitrogen mg/kg	106,4	109,9
Mobile Phosphorus, P ₂ O ₅ mg/kg	260,0	234,0
Mobile Potassium, K ₂ O mg/kg	86,2	68,8



7. Enhancement of Ecostern with Groundfix before the main tillage on corn

Location: Khmelnytskyi, Ukraine

Soil: Chernozem fertilized by ash, pH -6.0

Crop: corn

Preceding crop: corn

Date of sowing: **04.22.2018**Date of harvesting: **11.06.2018**

Area of each plot: **5ha**

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Control

Research 1

Research 2

Research method



Research result

		Yield, t/ha		Yield increas	
Crop	Opt.1	Opt. 2	Control		
Corn	11,52	11,83	11,10	+ 0,42	+0,73



8. Effectiveness of applying Groundfix with Mycofriend in-furrow on corn

Location: Volyn region, Ukraine

Soil: sod podzol, pH: 6,3

Crop: corn

Preceding crop: winter wheat

Area of plot: 78 ha



Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
In-furrow	Groundfix/Mycofriend	0,5 l/ha 0,25 l/ha
in-iurrow	Farm technology (control)	-

Yield, t/ha		Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
esearch	Control	
4,88	14,15	+0,73



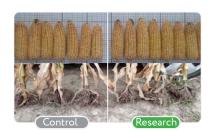
9. Effectiveness of applying Groundfix for pre-sowing cultivation in corn monoculture

Location: Lviv region, Ukraine, 2018

Soil: sod-podzol

Crop: corn

Preceding crop: **corn**



Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
For pre-sowing	Groundfix	5,0 l/ha
cultivation	Farm's method (control)	-

Research result

	Yield	,t/ha	Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
Crop	Research	Control	
Corn	8,00	7,61	+0,39



10. Effectiveness of applying Groundfix with UAN for early spring fertilization on winter wheat

Location: Chernigiv region, Ukraine

Soil: light grey, pH: 5,4-5,5

Crop: winter wheat

Preceding crop: sunflower

Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
Factor and an Contiliantian	Groundfix + UAN	3,0 l/ha
Early spring fertilisation	Control	_

Research result

	Yield	l, t/ha	Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
Crop	Research	Control	
Winter wheat	6,19	5,47	+0,72

Results of soil sample analysis

Variant	Trial	Control
year	26.0	05.2021
Exchangeable acidity, pH saline	5,5	5,4
Organic matter content converted to HUMUS %	1,84	1,23
Hydrolysed Nitrogen mg/kg	90,5	74,7
Mobile Phosphorus, P ₂ O ₅ mg/kg	189,0	57,5
Mobile Potassium, K ₂ O mg/kg	97,5	60,0



11. Study of enhancement of Ecostern and UAN with the use of Groundfix in beforesowing cultivation

Location: **Ternopil region, Ukraine** Soil: **chernozem fertilized by ash**

pH: 5,6

Crop: winter wheat

Preceding crop: sunflower



Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
For the main tillage	Ecostern/UAN32	2.0 l / ha + 40 kg / ha
For pre-sowing cultivation	Groundfix	5 l/ha
For the main tillage	Ecostern + UAN32 (control)	2.0 l / ha + 40 kg / ha

Research result

	Yield	, t/ha	Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
Crop	Research	Control	to the control plot, t/ha
Winter wheat	5,19	4,16	+1,03



12. The impact of Groundfix in presowing cultivation on winter wheat yield

Location: Cherkasy region, Ukraine

Soil: **typical chernozem**Crop: **winter wheat**

Preceding crop: winter oilrape



Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
For pre-sowing	Groundfix	4,0 l/ha
cultivation	Control	-

	Yield	l, t/ha	Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
Sunflower	Research	Control	
Winter wheat	8,2	7,6	+0,6
			V



13. 2-years study of the effectives of Groundfix and Azotohelp on winter wheat applied in presowing cultivation (research station)

Location: Ukraine, Institute of Feed Research

and Agriculture of Podillya NAAS, Khmelnytsky region

2021-2022

Soil: weakly podzolized low-humus chernozem, pH - 5,8-6,2

Crop: winter wheat

Preceding crop: winter oilrape

Research method

Application method	Preparation	Application rate
For the main tillage	Opt. 1 Groundfix	3,0 l/ha
For pre-sowing cultivation	Opt. 2 Groundfix + Azotohelp	1,5 l/ha +1,5l/ha
For the main tillage	Control	

Research result 2021

		Yield, t/ha			se compared rol plot, t/ha
Crop	Research 1	Research 2	Control		
Winter wheat	5,84	6,27	5,34	+0,5	+0,93

Research result 2022

		Yield, t/ha		Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha	
Crop	Research 1	Research 2	Control		
Winter wheat	6,65	6,95	5,99	+0,66	+0,96



14. Trials on potato with -20% of fertilizers

Country: **Germany**

Crop: potato





Research method

	Application date:	Mineral fertilizers	BTU-CENTER biologicals	Application rate
Control	26.04.2021	100% of mineral fertilizers	-	-
	26.04.2021	80% of mineral fertilizers	-	-
	26.04.2021	-	Presowing soil cultivation + Groundfix	1,5 l/ha
Research	28.04.2021		Sowing + Mycofriend	0,8 l/ha
	01.06.2021		1st apply of Azotohelp	0,5l/ha
	17.06.2021		2 nd apply of Azotohelp	1,0 l/ha
	09.10.2021		Harvesting	

Research result

	Yield, t/ha		Yield increase compared to the control plot, t/ha
Crop	Control	Research	
Potato	39,52	44,24	+4,72

Starch

Starc	h, %	Starch,	t/ha	+ to control, t/ha
Control	Research	Control	Research	
23,00	23,55	9,09	10,42	+1,33



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